THINKPLANTS®

Achillea Desert Eve[™] Culture Guide

syngenta.flowers

Botanical name: Achillea millefolium Product form: Vegetative Containers: Gallons Habit: Mounding Vernalization: Not required (First Year Flowering)

Garden Specifications

Garden Height: 16–20" (40–50 cm) tall **Garden Width:** 18–24" (45–60 cm) wide

Exposure: Full sun

USDA zone: 5–9

AHS zone: 9–4

Product use: Landscapes

Propagation of Unrooted Cuttings

Root emergence: 5–7 days

Rooting hormone: Not recommended

Bottom heat temp.: 70–72 °F (21–22 °C) for the first three weeks. After roots are well developed, temperatures can be lowered to hold and tone the cuttings.

Misting: Mist schedules vary depending on light and temperature conditions. Apply just enough moisture to rehydrate the cuttings and keep them from wilting. Cuttings should be hydrated and in a non-wilted stage within 24 hours after sticking. Cuttings that continue to wilt heavily after 24 hours will callus unevenly and will be delayed in rooting. CapSil[®] (spray adjuvant) can be sprayed on the cuttings at a rate of 2–4 oz/100 gal within 1–2 days after sticking to help in rehydration of the cuttings. Misting should be significantly reduced after 3–4 days and after cuttings become fully hydrated.

Rec. tray size: 105-cell (30 mm) or larger **Propagation timing:** 5–6 weeks for a 105-cell plug; add more rooting time for significantly larger plug sizes.

Temperature

Day: 66–68 °F (19–20 °C) **Night:** 64–66 °F (18–19 °C)

Lighting

Day extension lighting: Not necessary

Light intensity: 200–250 μ mol·m⁻²·s⁻¹ for the first two weeks after sticking or until root development occurs. Light levels can be increased up to 600 μ mol·m⁻²·s⁻¹ as rooting increases and the cutting matures.

Day length response: Obligate long day



Daily light integral: $4-6 \text{ mol}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{d}^{-1}$ for the first two weeks after sticking or until root development occurs. DLI can be increased to greater than 12 mol·m⁻²·d⁻¹ after root formation.

Media pH: 5.8-6.2

Media EC: SME EC: 0.9–1.3 mS/cm, PourThru EC: 1.4–2.0 mS/cm

Fertilizer: Begin fertilization at 75 ppm nitrogen when roots become visible. Rates can be increased up to 100 ppm nitrogen after roots become well developed. Use primarily Cal-Mag[®] Plus (calcium nitrate + magnesium nitrate + iron) fertilizers in propagation to prevent unwanted stretch.

Pinching: Not recommended

Plant growth regulators (PGRs): Not necessary

Bulking and Vernalization

Vernalization: Not required (First Year Flowering)

Finishing Temperature

Day: 70–72 °F (21–22 °C) **Night:** 66–68 °F (19–20 °C)

Average daily temperature: 68 °F (20 °C)

Lighting

Day extension lighting: Necessary to 14 hours **Light intensity:** 1,200–1,600 μmol·m⁻²·s⁻¹ **Day length response:** Obligate long day **Daily light integral:** 10–12 mol·m⁻²·d⁻¹



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sert Eve™ Yellow

Transplanting: Transplant directly into the finished container. Place the rooting media slightly above with the level of media in the container. Make sure the root ball is covered and that the plug is situated in the center of the pot.

Media pH: 5.8-6.2

Media EC: SME EC: 1.5–2.1 mS/cm, PourThru EC: 2.3–3.2 mS/cm

Fertilizer: 125–175 ppm N

Pinching: No

Plant growth regulators (PGRs): If needed, B-Nine® WSG (daminozide) sprays at 2,500 ppm, or Bonzi[®] (paclobutrazol) sprays at 10–20 ppm can be used. To hold finished plants a Bonzi[®] drench at 0.5–1 ppm in the North and 2–3ppm in the South can be used.

Tech tip: Desert Eve[™] achillea uses a lot of water when they reach maturity. Producing them under long days will hasten flowering.

ALESCO

CHRYSAL Try Chrysal Alesco®, a postharvest foliar spray, to protect ethylene sensitive crops during shipping and retail.

Moisture level: Media should be allowed to dry between irrigations. Alternate between moisture level 3 and 4. 3 - MOIST: Soil is brown in color, strongly squeezing the

soil will extract a few drops of water, and trays are light with no visible bend.

4 - WET: Soil is dark brown but not shiny, no free water is seen at the surface of the soil, when pressed or squeezed water drips easily, and trays are heavy with a visible bend in the middle.

Common pests: Aphids, Spider Mites, Whiteflies, Thrips Common diseases: Botrytis, Powdery mildew

Scheduling

| Size | Crop Time | Plants Per Pot |
|--|------------|-------------------|
| 1.25 to 2.5 quart (5.5 to 6.5 inch, trade gallon) | 8–10 weeks | 1 ррр |
| 3.0 quart to 2.0 gallon (7.5 to 10 inch) | 8–10 weeks | 3 ррр |

Estimated finish crop time is from transplant of a 105-cell tray and finished at an average daily temperature (ADT) of 68 °F (20 °C).

Example crop schedule for a 2.5 quart

| Weeks From Transplant | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1 week | Plant one plug into the center of the pot |
| 4 weeks | If necessary, apply first PGR application |
| 5 weeks | Monitor the pH and EC levels to keep fertility in range and to avoid yellow foliage |
| 6 weeks | If necessary, apply second PGR application |
| 8 weeks | Finish |



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