



# **Aquilegia Kirigami**™

## syngenta.flowers

### Culture Guide

Botanical name: Aquilegia caerulea

**Product form:** Seed **Containers:** Quarts, Gallons

**Habit:** Upright

**Vernalization:** Required Garden Specifications

**Garden Height:** 14–24" (35–60 cm) tall **Garden Width:** 12–20" (30–50 cm) wide

Exposure: Part sun-Full sun

USDA zone: 4–9 AHS zone: 8–1

**Product use:** Containers, Landscapes

Germination Stages 1 & 2

**Germination time:** 6–8 days **Media temp:** 70–72 °F (21–22 °C)

**Chamber:** Optional

**Light:** Required for germination

Seed cover: No

**Moisture level: 4 - WET:** Soil is dark brown but not shiny, no free water is seen at the surface of the soil, when pressed or squeezed water drips easily, and trays are heavy with a visible bend in the middle.

Rec. tray size: 288-cell tray

**Seeds per cell:** 1 (3–4 seeds per cell for more flower stems)

Young Plant Production

Stage 3 & 4 **Temperature** 

**Day:** 66–68 °F (19–20 °C) **Night:** 64–66 °F (18–19 °C)

**Average daily temperature:** 66 °F (19 °C)

Lighting

**Day extension lighting:** Necessary to 14 hours **Light intensity:** 200–250 μmol·m<sup>-2</sup>·s<sup>-1</sup> for the first two weeks after sowing or until true leaf development occurs. Light levels can be increased up to 600 μmol·m<sup>-2</sup>·s<sup>-1</sup> as rooting increases and the seedling matures.

**Day length response:** Facultative long day **Daily light integral:** 10–12 mol·m<sup>-2</sup>·d<sup>-1</sup>

Media pH: 5.5-5.9

Media EC: SME 0.5 to 0.75 mS/cm



Fertilizer: 125-175 ppm N

**Moisture level:** Media should be allowed to dry between irrigations. Alternate between moisture level 2 and 3.

2 - **MEDIUM:** Soil is light brown in color, no water can be

extracted from soil, and soil will crumble apart.

**3 - MOIST:** Soil is brown in color, strongly squeezing the soil will extract a few drops of water, and trays are light with no visible bend.

**Pinching:** No

**Plant growth regulators (PGRs):** If needed, spray B-Nine® WSG (daminozide) at 1,500–3,000 ppm. **Plug grow time:** 9–10 weeks in a 288–cell tray

Comments: Light is required for germination, so make sure

seed is not covered after sowing.

Bulking and Vernalization

Vernalization: Required

**Bulking** 

**Bulking Time:** See Scheduling Section **Temperature:** 52–54 °F (11–12 °C)

Pinch: No

**PGR:** Not necessary

Vernalization

**Vernalization Time:** 4–5 weeks

**Temperature:** 50 °F (10 °C) to 55 °F (13 °C)

**Tech tip:** Cold treatment can be delivered during the young plant stage or during finish production. If vernalizing the young plant, increase cell size to 72 or larger. Plants are receptive to vernalization treatment once plants have established root system and are 6–8 weeks old.







#### **Finishing**

#### **Temperature**

**Day:** 62–64 °F (17–18 °C) **Night:** 52–54 °F (11–12 °C)

Average daily temperature: 62 °F (17 °C)

Lighting

**Day extension lighting:** Beneficial to 14 hours

Light intensity: 800-1,200 µmol·m<sup>-2</sup>·s<sup>-1</sup> **Day length response:** Facultative long day Daily light integral: 12-14 mol·m<sup>-2</sup>·d<sup>-1</sup>

**Transplanting:** Transplant directly into the finished container. Place the rooting media slightly above the level of media in the container. Make sure that the root ball is covered and that the plug is situated in the center of the pot.

**Media pH:** 5.5–5.9

Media EC: SME EC: 1.5–2.1 mS/cm, PourThru EC: 2.3–3.2

mS/cm

Fertilizer: 125–175 ppm N

**Pinching:** No. Pinching is not recommended or needed. Plant growth regulators (PGRs): If needed, B-Nine® WSG (daminozide) spray at 2,500-5,000 ppm, or Bonzi® (paclobutrazol) drench at 10-15 ppm are effective. PGR applications are more effective if applied early in the crop

**Tech tip:** PGR applications should be applied before the flower initiation to ensure that the flowers grow above the foliage.



CHRYSAL Try Chrysal Alesco®, a postharvest foliar spray, to protect ethylene sensitive crops during shipping and retail.

Moisture level: Media should be allowed to dry between irrigations. Alternate between moisture level 2 and 3.

- 2 MEDIUM: Soil is light brown in color, no water can be extracted from soil, and soil will crumble apart.
- 3 MOIST: Soil is brown in color, strongly squeezing the soil will extract a few drops of water, and trays are light with no visible bend.

Common pests: Aphids, Thrips, Foliar Nematode, Leafminers

**Common diseases:** Powdery mildew, Alternaria leaf spot, Pythium, Rhizoctonia, Thielaviopsis, Cucumber mosaic virus (CMV infections attracts aphids), Impatiens necrotic spot virus (INSV can be vectored by thrips)

#### Scheduling

a.	Crop Time			Plants
Size	Bulk	Vern.	Finish	Per Pot
1.0 quart	4	4–5	8–10	1 ррр
(4.5 to 5 inch)	weeks	weeks	weeks	
1.25 to 2.5 quart	4	4–5	8–10	2–3
(5.5 to 6.5 inch, trade gallon)	weeks	weeks	weeks	ppp
3.0 quart to 2.0 gallon	4	4–5	8–10	4–5
(7.5 to 10 inch)	weeks	weeks	weeks	ppp

Estimated finish crop time is from transplant of a 288-cell tray and finished at an average daily temperature (ADT) of 62 °F (17 °C).

#### Example crop schedule for a 1.0 quart

<b>Weeks From Transplant</b>	Description
1 week	Transplant one plug into the finished container
4 weeks	Vernalize and bulk at 50–55 °F (10–13 °C) for approximately four weeks
8 weeks	Increase temperatures to 60–65 °F (16–18 °C) ADT to force flowering
13 weeks	Apply B-Nine® WSG or Bonzi® as needed
16 weeks	Finish

